

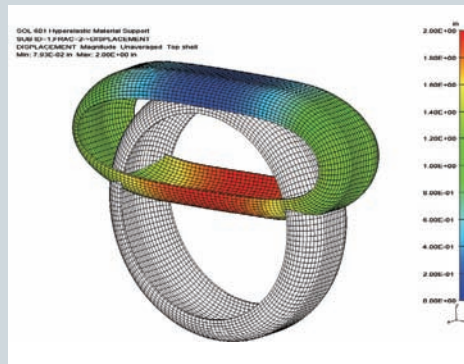
NX Nastran Advanced Nonlinear – Solution 601/701

Benefits

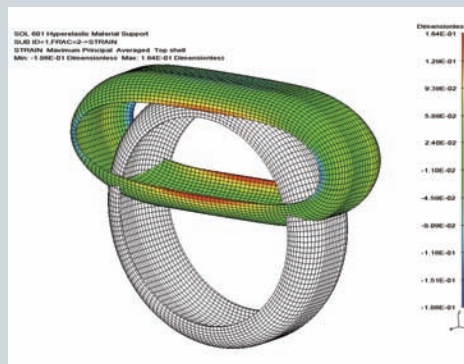
- Reduce design risk by using simulation to save time and cost compared to physical build-and-break test cycles
- Accelerate your innovation through rapid iteration and numerous “what-if” studies
- Use the same models already built and analyzed linearly with NX Nastran – Basic
- Improve confidence in final designs by virtually investigating your product’s performance under all possible operating conditions
- Obtain more accurate solution results than linear analysis when standard linear assumptions are not valid

Summary

The NX™ Nastran® Advanced Nonlinear software solution enables you to analyze models with nonlinearity from contacting parts, material nonlinearities and/or geometric nonlinearities (that is, large deformations). An add-on module of NX Nastran – Basic, the Advanced Nonlinear solver is an integration of the well-known and highly regarded ADINA solver into NX Nastran as Solution 601 for implicit solutions or Solution 701 for explicit solutions.



Hyperelastic materials: displacement results from a tire model being squeezed between two plates.



Hyperelastic materials: strain results from a tire model being squeezed between two plates.

Geometric nonlinear effects need to be simulated when stiffness properties or loads change significantly as the result of deformation. Analysis of snap-through buckling is an example in which geometric nonlinearity effects are important. Material nonlinear effects should be modeled when the material properties cannot be considered linear for the loading conditions considered. Example usages are for analyzing hyperelastic (rubber) materials or analyzing metals that exhibit plastic behavior because they are stressed beyond yield limits. Advanced contact capabilities allow you to simulate surface contact using either shell or solid elements. Many mechanical simulations involve parts coming into contact under load. With the advanced Solution 601/701 surface

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NX Nastran Advanced Nonlinear – Solution 601/701

Features

- Surface contact
- Material nonlinear behavior
- Geometric nonlinear behavior
- Robust solution methods
- Easy transition from linear to nonlinear analysis
- Static and transient dynamic analysis
- Restart capabilities
- Parallel processing
- Implicit and explicit solver options

contact capabilities, the solver determines the extent of surface contact and load transfer across the contacting surfaces as part of the solution. NX Nastran Advanced Nonlinear also has a very robust solution algorithm and efficiently obtains converged solutions for some of the most difficult and intractable nonlinear models.

The integration of the ADINA solver into Solution 601/701 is transparent to the user because the input and output formats are based on NX Nastran formats. Thus, to the user, the experience and usage of Solution 601/701 is completely Nastran-centric.

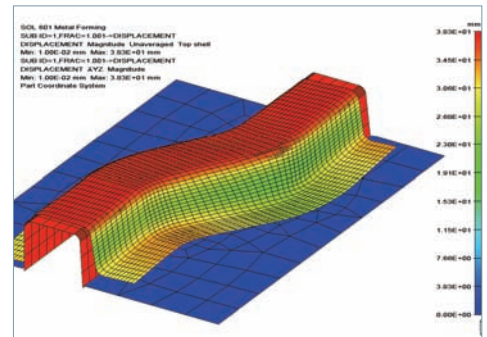
Major capabilities

Contact

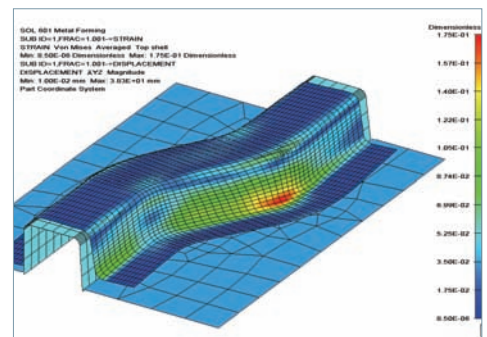
- Shell and solid element face contact
- Edge contact for axisymmetric modeling
- Single and double sided contact
- Self contact
- Several friction models
- Tied contact
- Several contact algorithms
- Rigid target contact for metal forming
- Compliant (soft) contact
- Contact surface offsets
- Gap elements
- Contact pressures and force results

Material nonlinear

- Hyperelasticity models
 - Mooney-Rivlin
 - Ogden
 - Hyperfoam
 - Arruda-Boyce
- Gasket material model
- Gasket pressure and state results
- Nonlinear elastic
- Elasto-plastic
- Thermal elasto-plastic
- Creep
- Plasticity
 - Von Mises yield criterion
 - Isotropic hardening
 - Kinematic hardening
 - Mixed hardening
- Rupture
- Strain measures: engineering, Green-Lagrange, logarithmic
- Stress measures: engineering, Cauchy



Displacement results from a metal forming example. A planar sheet is formed into an S channel.



Strain results from a metal forming example. A planar sheet is formed into an S channel.

Geometric nonlinear

- Large deformations
- Large strain
- Snap-through analysis (post-buckling)
- Follower forces

Other modeling capabilities

- Glue connection
- Element birth and death

Robust solution methods

- Full Newton iterations, with or without line searches
- Load displacement control (LDC) method
- Automatic time stepping (ATS) method
- Low-speed dynamics effect option
- Energy, force and deformation convergence criteria
- Dynamic solution with Newmark method for direct implicit integration
- Sparse solver and iterative multi-grid solver
- Stiffness stabilization for static solutions

Easy transition from linear to nonlinear analysis

- Add only a few nonlinear-specific entries to the linear model
- Input and output formats are similar
- Supports many advanced NX Nastran features
 - Elastic isotropic, orthotropic materials
 - Composites
 - Axisymmetric modeling
 - Plane strain modeling
 - Material temperature dependence
- Supports many load conditions
 - Bolt preload
 - Concentrated loads
 - Follower loads
 - Pressure and distributed loads
 - Inertia loads
 - Enforced motion
 - Applied temperatures
 - Initial conditions for displacement, velocity and temperature

Static and transient dynamic analysis

- Model setup is the same for static and dynamic analysis
- Doesn't require separate licenses for static and dynamic analysis

Implicit and explicit solutions

- Implicit solver for static analysis and low speed dynamic analysis
- Explicit solver option for impact simulation or metal-forming simulation
- Can switch from implicit to explicit and vice versa with restarts

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